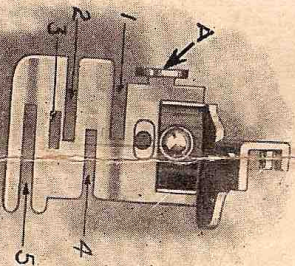


# THE EDGE-STITCHER

A Combined Edge-Stitching, Lace-Joining and Piping Attachment  
Sold by SINGER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, Inc.



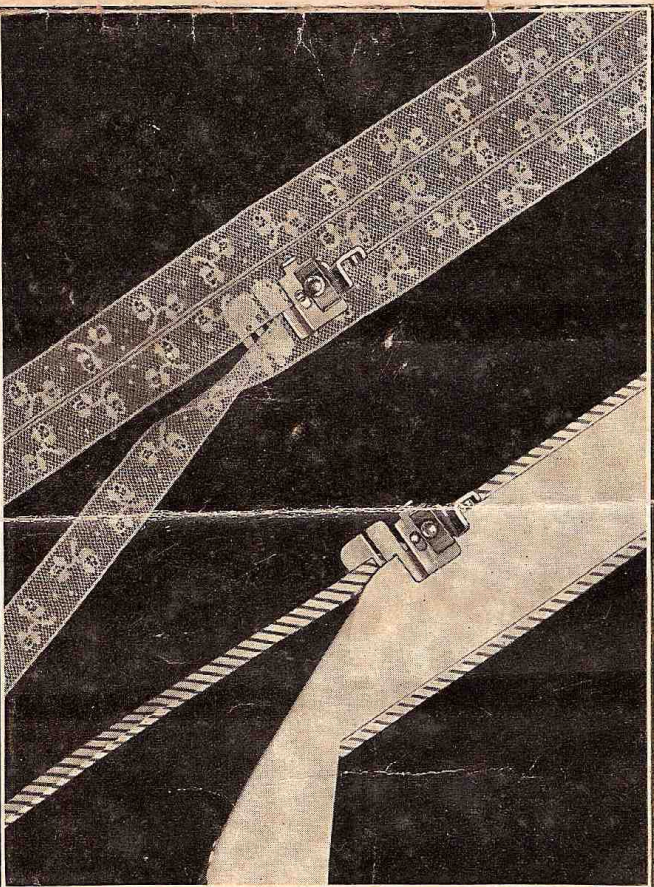
THE EDGE-STITCHING ATTACHMENT is fastened to the machine in the same manner as the Presser-Foot. The different slots which are numbered from 1 to 5 in the above illustration serve as guides for sewing together laces, insertions, embroideries, sewing in position folded or hemmed edges, bias-folded material or piping, etc.

This Attachment is very useful in trimming such articles of clothing as aprons, women's and children's dresses and underwear, shirtwaists, silk blouses, boys' rompers and suits, or for articles for household decoration such as fine bureau scarfs and thin curtains, baby carriage covers and dollies.

Very beautiful effects may be obtained in yokes, guimpes, sleeves, collar and cuff sets, vestees, fichus, lace waists, camisoles, etc., by joining rows of lace insertion, alternate rows of lace and embroidery insertions, or alternate rows of tucking and lace insertion.

The folded tape, which may be purchased in any department store in all colors, qualities and widths is indispensable to use with this Attachment. The folded piping, which may also be purchased ready turned, will exactly fit the piping slot in this Attachment.

The Edge-Stitcher is adjustable for the stitching in relation to the edge of the garment, lace, etc., by means of the lug at the side. This makes it possible to stitch any material exactly on the edge.



ADJUSTED TO STITCH DIRECTLY ON THE EDGE





Ill. 1 shows rows of insertion sewn together. Slots Nos. 1 and 4 are used for this kind of work. In joining insertions of different patterns the piece with the neatest edge should be placed in slot No. 1 and this will be the upper edge when the work is finished.

Ill. 2 shows alternate rows of insertion and embroidery sewn together. Slots Nos. 1 and 4 are used for this purpose, the embroidery being placed in slot No. 1 and the lace in slot No. 4. If the embroidery used has a heavy edge it may be found more convenient to use slot No. 2 for the embroidery as this gives a wider over-lap.

Ill. 3 shows pieces of tucking put together with rows of insertion. The edge of the material is folded and placed in slot No. 1 and the lace is placed in slot No. 4.

Ill. 4 shows ribbon and lace sewn together. The ribbon is placed in slot No. 1 and the lace in slot No. 4. This sort of work is very popular for making canisoles and trimming underwear.

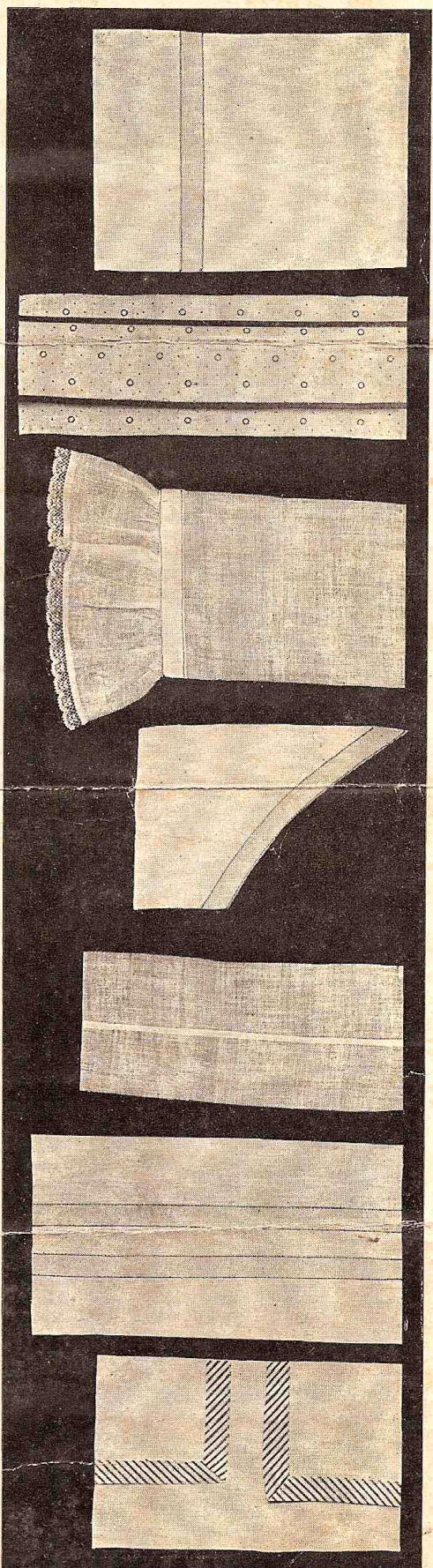
Ill. 5 shows a band of embroidery finished on the edge with lace edging. The embroidery is placed in slot No. 1 and the lace in slot No. 4.

Ill. 6 shows lace insertion used as trimming. The insertion is placed in slot No. 1 and the material underneath the Attachment. The free edge of the insertion is then sewn into position with the Presser-Foot. The material is then cut away from the under side and the edges turned back and a second row of stitching added for finish and strength.

Ill. 7 shows braid sewn to the garment to be used as trimming. Braid, ribbon or velvet may be used in this manner and is inserted in slot No. 1 with the garment underneath the Attachment. It is best to make a crayon mark or fold to indicate where the stitching is to come.

Ill. 8 shows bias-folded material sewn to the edge of a garment to be used as a finish and trimming. This sort of trimming is used for aprons and children's clothes. The bias-folded material is inserted in slot No. 1 and the edge of the garment in slot No. 5 with the garment wrong side up; then fold the bias material back on the right side and stitch in position with the Presser-Foot.





9 shows folded bias tape sewn on the top of a hem for a finish. The folded tape is inserted in slot No. 1 and the edge of the hem in slot No. 5. Then turn hem and sew other edge in position with the Presser-Foot.

10 shows a box plait piped. Insert the piping in slot No. 3 and the edge of the plait in slot No. 4 for the wide piping effect. If a narrow piping is desired insert the piping in slot No. 3 and the edge of the plait in No. 1.

11 shows bias-folded material used to cover a seam. The folded strip is placed in slot No. 1 and the material underneath the Attachment. Care must be taken to keep the row of stitching as close to the seam stitching as possible. The free edge of the bias strip is then sewn in position with the Presser-Foot.

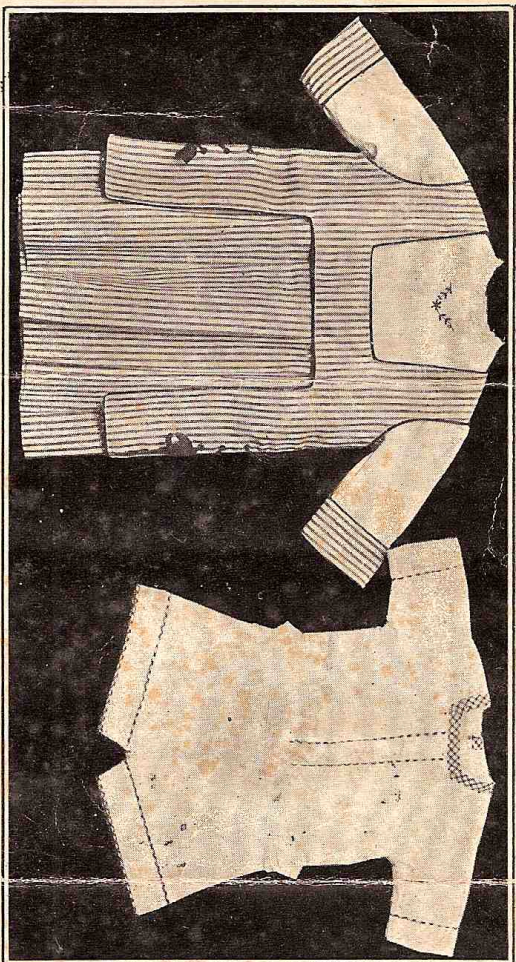
12 shows bias-folded material used to finish a curved edge. This finish is practical for underclothes. Insert the bias-folded material in slot No. 1 and the garment in slot No. 5. Turn the bias strip back and add a second row of stitching with the Foot-Presser.

13 shows a French seam stitched with the Edge-Stitching Attachment. After the seam is stitched with the Presser-Foot and the material turned on the wrong side ready for the finishing, it is inserted in slot No. 5 and adjusted for the proper distance. This is especially practical for fine work where the seam shows through the garment.

14 shows bias-folded material sewn into position. To be used for boning or as a stay for children's undershirts, or for brassieres. The folded tape is inserted in slot No. 1 and the garment underneath the Attachment.

15 shows bias-folded material used as trimming. It is quite easy to turn corners using the Edge-Stitching Attachment. To turn the outside curve stop the machine where the corner is to be turned and fold the proper amount of material over, then insert it in the Attachment and stitch until another corner is reached. It is not necessary to remove the material from the Attachment to turn the inside curve. Slot No. 1 is used for this kind of work and the garment is placed underneath the Attachment.



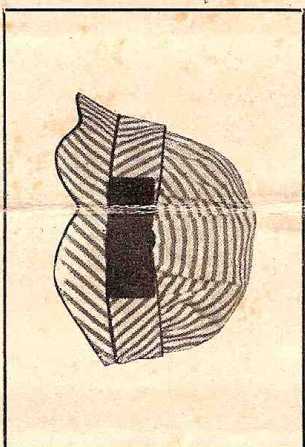


CHILDREN'S GARMENTS PIPED WITH EDGE-STITCHER

### PRACTICAL USES OF THE EDGE-STITCHER

In the list below some of the many uses of this Attachment are given, but as you become familiar with it you will undoubtedly find many other practical ways of applying this work to your own particular sewing problems.

1. Sewing lace and insertion together.
2. Sewing lace and embroidery insertions together.
3. Piping plaits and belts for children's clothes.
4. Sewing tape to top of stockings to prevent "runners" (patented)
5. Sewing insertion on material—afterward cutting material away and turning edges back.
6. Sewing lace on the edge of a hem.
7. Setting in insertion with edges edge-stitched.
8. Sewing lace and ribbon together.
9. Covering seams with bias bands or finishing braids.
10. Sewing braid on heavy suits and dresses.
11. Sewing on bias bands for trimming—straight or curved.
12. French seaming.



CHILD'S HAT

This attractive little hat, which matches the dress shown in the opposite illustration, is made of black and white striped material and trimmed with a bright red piping and velvet bow. These wash hats are very practical for children, and when the Edge-Stitcher is used require so little time to make that a different one could easily be made to accompany each dress.

### THE EDGE-STITCHER

Can be purchased from any Singer Shop  
or Singer Salesman.

**SINGER SEWING MACHINE CO.**

INCORPORATED

SHOPS EVERYWHERE